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Economic Survey Madhya Pradesh

2022-2023

Highlights



Madhya Pradesh Economic Survey 2022-23

Highlights

Highlights of Madhya Pradesh Economic Survey 2022-23 summarizes the major statistical data and achievements of the state

It is hoped that it will prove to be very useful for the general public and government institutions.

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Commissioner

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Economic Survey 2022-23

Headlines

Economic Overview, Public Finance and Banking

1. Madhya Pradesh has set a target of contributing \$550 billion in the resolve of the Honourable Prime Minister to make India a \$5 trillion economy and the state is moving fast in this direction. At constant prices, the GSDP of the state this year based on 2022-23 (PA) has increased by 7.06%.
2. At constant prices, per capita income has increased from Rs.38497 in 2011-12 to Rs. 65023 in 2022-23, showing a growth of 70 per cent during the period. The per capita income has increased by 5.67% this year as compared to last year.
3. The size of the budget of Madhya Pradesh government in the year 2001 was Rs. 16,393 crores in the year 2023 to Rs. 2,47,715 crore has been done. This increase in the budget is almost 15 times as compared to the year 2001. The expenditure budget of the state in the last year was Rs. 2,17,313 crore (RE) up by 14% to Rs. 2,47,715 (BE) crores.
4. The State has consistently followed fiscal discipline. The debt-GSDP ratio which was 39.5 per cent in 2005 has come down to 22.6 per cent in 2020. The capital expenditure of the state government is Rs. 37,089 Crore (R.E.) up by 23.18% to Rs. 45,685 (BE) crores.
5. Between 2018-19 to 2021-22, the state's own revenue grew at a CAGR of 7.94 per cent, while the share in central taxes grew by only 0.59 per cent. In 2022-23 (BE), the state's own revenue growth rate stood at 13.32 per cent, while the share in central taxes grew by 9.81 per cent over the previous year. This marks the beginning of improvement in revenue receipts, thereby paving the way for fiscal consolidation.
6. Moving towards digitization in the field of government banking business, integration of Madhya Pradesh State

Government's Integrated Financial Management Information System (IFMIS) with Reserve Bank of India's core banking solution 'e-Kuber' was implemented on December 2022. . Under this arrangement, the withdrawal accounts of all the 54 treasuries of Madhya Pradesh State have been opened in the Reserve Bank of India and are being operated successfully.

7. Keeping in view the increase in the size of the economy, priority sector lending has been expanded at the rate of 15.45 percent CAGR in the state during the period 2005-06 to 2022-23. Its value increased from Rs 9,437 crore to Rs. 2,15,427 crores. In the same sequence, there was an increase of 13.41 percent in agriculture loan and M.S.M.E. increased by 30.22 percent.
8. In the state, 59.41 percent of the total advances were given to the priority sector, which is more than the national average target of 40 percent. While agriculture received 32.2 per cent of the total credit, which is higher than the national average target of 18 per cent.
9. In order to achieve the goals of financial inclusion, a total of 3.85 crore bank accounts have been opened in the state so far under the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana.
10. Under the Digital District Program, three districts Betul, Indore and Vidisha have achieved 100 percent financial inclusion digital district status.
11. Unprecedented contribution is being made to the economy by self-help groups in Madhya Pradesh, it is noteworthy that a large number of women are employed in this. In the year 2012-13 , 19151 self-help groups were formed in Madhya Pradesh, in which 2,34,312 families were included, which has increased to 4,20,838 by the end of December 2022 (year 2022-23), in which 47,02,311 families were included. Women Self Help Groups by December 2022 through RF (Revolving Funds), CRF (Community Revolving Fund), CCL (Cash Credit Limit), Startup Fund up to Rs. Total financial support of 6178.26 crore has been provided.

Agriculture, Food Management & Natural Resources

1. The state has produced 352.7 lakh tonnes of wheat in 2022-23 (advance estimates) as compared to 174.8 lakh tonnes in 2013-14. Similarly, the production of paddy has increased from 53.2 lakh to 131.8 lakh tonnes during this period.
2. As compared to the year 2020-21, there has been an increase of 5.46 percent in the cropped area during the year 2021-22 (A).
3. Compared to the year 2020-21, an increase of 4.16 percent has been reflected in the production of total crops in the year 2021-22.
4. The year 2023 has been declared as the 'Millet Year' by the United Nations General Assembly. It has been called Shri Anna by the Government of India. Madhya Pradesh is one of the leading producers of Kodo Kutki in India, and is rapidly growing in the production and export of Shree Anna. The government has started 'MP State Millet Mission' and 'Mukhyamantri Kodo-Kutki Kheti Sahayata Yojana' in the year 2020 to encourage the cultivation of Kodo Kutki.
5. In 2021-22, crops of more than 90 lakh farmers were insured under the Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana, started to protect farmers from losses due to natural calamities.
6. Madhya Pradesh is the first state to streamline the process of Girdawari operations through e_Girdawari project based on Artificial Intelligence/Machine Learning (AI/ML) technology. In this sequence, measles information of 76 lakh beneficiaries out of 85 lakh has been registered under PM Kisan.
7. There has been a remarkable change in the irrigation facilities. Irrigation capacity has increased by 585 percent in the state, it has increased from 7 lakh 68 thousand hectare (in the year 2003) to more than 45 lakh hectare (in the year 2022), and the target is to increase it to 65 lakh hectare by the year 2025.

8. The State Water Policy, 2022 has been drafted by Madhya Pradesh through detailed consultations with wide stakeholders. The new policy focuses on integrating traditional knowledge for water resource conservation and protection.
9. Ramsar wetlands have international importance. Three wetlands of Madhya Pradesh (Sirpur wetland and Yashwant Sagar in Indore, and Sakhya Sagar in Shivpuri district) have been declared as Ramsar sites by the International Convention on Wetlands (Ramsar Convention).
10. Fish production in Madhya Pradesh has increased at an average rate of 15.39 per cent every year during the period 2015 to 2022.
11. In the financial year 2021-22, the state ranks first in the production of diamond, copper ore and manganese ore, second in the production of rock phosphate and limestone, and third in the production of coal.

Industry, Trade, Infrastructure and Connectivity

1. Madhya Pradesh Vyapar Samvardhan Parishad (Madhya Pradesh Trade Promotion Council) with the objective of creating a bridge between government policies and exporter interests, focusing on sectors such as food processing, textiles, pharmaceuticals, defense and renewable energy, with an aim to target a \$550 billion economy Council) has been established.
2. Madhya Pradesh Startup Policy 2022 and Chief Minister Udyam Kranti Yojana have been implemented in the year 2022 to promote self-employment, innovative entrepreneurship in Madhya Pradesh.
3. Foreign Investment (FDI) is continuously increasing in Madhya Pradesh. In the period from April 2021 to March 2022, Rs. Received foreign investment of ₹1560 crore (US\$208 million).
4. Among the land-locked states (Haryana, Rajasthan, Punjab, Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh and MP), Madhya Pradesh has overtaken Rajasthan in terms of export value and is in second place now followed by Haryana, according to the Export Preparedness Index 2021 report.
5. Remarkable work is being done in the field of exports in Madhya Pradesh. There was a significant increase in exports with an average annual growth rate of 8.4 percent between 2017 and 2022 and in the year 2021-22, exports are expected to reach Rs. 58,407 crore reached.
6. Realizing the importance of tourism in the economy, Madhya Pradesh is working on several schemes. End to end support is being given to selected tourism related circuits in Madhya Pradesh. 50 destinations have been selected as a complete package of tourism. The budget allocation for tourism in the year 2004-05 was Rs. 11.2 crores, increasing almost 21 times in the year 2022-23 to Rs. 244.6 crore has been reached.

7. Compared to the year 2021 in Madhya Pradesh, there has been an increase of 122% in the number of tourists in religious tourist places in 2022 and 58% increase in the number of tourists in other tourist places in 2022.
8. Madhya Pradesh's power capacity has increased almost 5 times from 5173 MW in the year 2003 to more than 28000 MW in the year 2022. In the last one decade, there has been an increase of about 207 percent in the per capita availability of electricity in the state. Per capita availability of electricity has increased from 570.2 KWH in the year 2012 to 1184.9 KWH in the year 2022.
9. Construction and upgradation of roads in the state from 2003 to 2022 has increased from 44,000 km to more than 4,00,000 km.
10. Gwalior-Jhansi (NH 75), Mangawan (Rewa)-UP Border (NH 27), Seoni-Maharashtra Border (NH 7) etc. have been developed for better market access and better connectivity with neighboring states.
11. The work of Metro Rail, known as the main source of future urban transport, is in progress in Bhopal and Indore, the estimated cost of this project is Rs. 14,000 crores.
12. Keeping in view the environment, long-term goals have been set by the Madhya Pradesh government. Renewable energy is one of the many commitments of the state. Renewable Energy Policy 2022 has been implemented to attract investment in the renewable energy production sector and renewable energy equipment manufacturing sector, to increase electricity business and increase employment opportunities, so that 50 percent of the energy requirements are met by renewable and green energy by the year 2030.
13. In Omkareshwar Rs. Work is being done on a 600 MW solar power plant with an investment of Rs 3,500 crore. There is a

target to increase the renewable energy capacity to 20,000 MW by the year 2027.

14. Madhya Pradesh Science, Technology and Innovation Policy 2022 has been launched by the Department of Science and Technology, Government of Madhya Pradesh. This is an innovative policy of Madhya Pradesh which envisages to strengthen the science, technology, research and innovation ecosystem of the state.
15. There are a total of 601 Atal Tinkering Labs in Madhya Pradesh, out of which 145 are located in tribal-dominated districts of Madhya Pradesh.

Inclusive Social Development

1. Due to the successful implementation of Ladli Laxmi Yojana in Madhya Pradesh and other efforts, the sex ratio at birth which was 927 in the National Family Health Survey-4 (NFHS-4) (2015-2016) has been increased to 956 in NFHS-5 (2019-2021).
2. In this sequence, the proportion of literate women in NFHS-3 (2005-2006) was 44.4, which has increased to 65.4 in NFHS-5 (2019-2021).
3. About 17,000 women associated with self-help groups have won the elections in the panchayat general elections held in the year 2022 in Madhya Pradesh. Out of these, 14,378 panchs, 1907 sarpanchs, 429 sub-sarpanchs, 381 district members and 46 district panchayat members have been elected, which shows the political empowerment and active participation of women.
4. In state for the development of Scheduled Tribes the total budget allocation of Scheduled Tribes sub plan in 2004-05 is Rs. 1,662.01 crore which increased in 2022-23 (BE) to Rs. 26,940.68 crore, thus an increase of about 1620 percent has been observed in this item.
5. PESA rules have been notified by Madhya Pradesh on November 15, 2022, on the occasion of Tribal Pride Day. The rights of water, forest, land, labour, women empowerment and strengthening of local traditions have been received

Health and Education

1. With a view to bring the quality of education in Madhya Pradesh to the level of excellence and to make all modern facilities available to the students, in the first phase under the CM RISE scheme, 370 schools of the department have been converted into CM RISE schools.
2. In Madhya Pradesh, cycles are distributed to increase access to schools, especially for students living in rural areas, in the year 2022-23, cycles have been distributed to about 1 lakh students studying in classes 6 to 9. It will be helpful for students living in remote areas to continue their education.
3. Girl child education is one of the priorities of Madhya Pradesh. 207 residential Kasturba Gandhi Girls Schools and additional 324 girls hostels have been established in the state, 56 thousand girls have been benefited from these hostels.
4. The objective of Gaon Ki Beti Yojana is to provide financial assistance to the talented girls of rural areas to encourage them towards pursuing higher education. In this scheme, the selected girl student is paid Rs. 500/- per month (for a maximum of 10 months) for the undergraduate course. A total of 23,269 girl students have been given the benefit of the scheme in 2022-23. Similarly, urban girl students have been given the benefit of the Pratibha Kiran Yojana.
5. A total of 10.88 thousand (97.66% achievement) health and wellness centers are operational in Madhya Pradesh. In addition to these Health and Wellness Centers, 562 AYUSH-Health and Wellness Centers (362+200) are also being operated by the Department of AYUSH.
6. A high level task force has been constituted by the state government to reduce infant mortality rate, maternal mortality rate and malnutrition, which is helping the state government in formulating and implementing an effective strategy in the state.

7. According to NFHS-3 (2005-2006) survey, 'severe malnutrition in children under 5 years' was 12.6% in Madhya Pradesh, which has reduced to 6.5% in NFHS-5 (2019-2021) survey |
8. As per NFHS-3 (2005-2006), institutional delivery was 26% which has increased to 90.7% in NFHS-5 (2019-2021).
9. Child Mortality Rate (IMR) in Madhya Pradesh was 70 in NFHS-3 (year 2005-2006) which has decreased to 41.3 per thousand live births in NFHS-5 (year 2019-2021).
10. According to the Registrar General of India (SRS), the Maternal Mortality Ratio (MMR) of Madhya Pradesh was 335 in the year 2004-2006, which has decreased to 173 in the year 2018-2020 (SRS Bulletin November 2022).
11. The following best practices are being implemented in the state through the PPP model under the Health Department-
 - Under the free pathology test scheme (wet lease model), 134 types of test facilities are being provided to patients in all 51 district hospitals and identified civil hospitals, so far 1 crore 65 lakh tests have been done for 45.42 lakh beneficiaries. . Test reports are being made available to the patients in printed format and also through SMS on mobile.
 - 1492 spokes (PHC-1209, UPHC-200, CHC-66, CH-17) through 324 hubs (CHC-251, CH-49, PHC-14, UPHC-10) under Hub and Spoke model 45 types of tests are being done free of cost. 64.90 lakh tests of 16.13 lakh beneficiaries have been done.
 - Under the dialysis service scheme, minimum 5 dialysis machines have been made available in each district hospital unit and 3 machines in the sub-district level hospital. Till date, 7063 patients have been registered and more than 4 lakh 58 thousand dialysis has been done. Presently, services are being provided to 1276 patients in these units and 9 thousand dialysis is being done every month.

- Under CT scan facility, free CT scan facility is being provided to families living below poverty line and Ayushman card holders in 50 district hospitals and 4 civil hospitals. More than 2.51 lakh CT scans have been done so far.
- Presently day-care cancer chemotherapy unit with thermal ablation device for pre-cancer treatment is established in 51 districts of Madhya Pradesh for cancer care. Along with this, day-care cancer chemotherapy services under the Distributed Cancer Care model have also been expanded in identified civil hospitals with high OPD load. Apart from this, the availability of thermal ablation device for the treatment of cervical pre-cancer has been ensured in the identified civil hospital/community health center.
- Ambulance services are being expanded with the help of advanced technology under the new system of Integrated Referral Transport System, under which currently a total of 2052 ambulances are operated, and three types of vehicles are included, Advanced Life Support, Basic Life Support, and Janani Express.

Good Governance and Cultural Economy

1. Many efforts have been made for the smooth and transparent operation of the problems of the general public and activities related to governance. Access to services and facilities has been increased to the public through e-governance. Public Service Guarantee Act, Solution Online, Solution One Day, Progress, Cyber Tehsil, MLA Dashboard, Public Hearing, Madhya Pradesh E-District Portal, Establishment of Public Service Center and Sub Service Center, Chief Minister Helpline 181, Chief Minister Jan Seva Yojana, Chief Minister Dash Board, Self-reliant Madhya Pradesh Portal, Akankshi Development Block Program etc. are major efforts in this direction.
2. The biggest example of good governance is the Chief Minister's helpline number 181, through this helpline, during the period from 2014 to January 2023, more than 2 crore five lakh complaints were registered, out of which 98.8 percent have been redressed.
3. Madhya Pradesh is the first state in the country to pass the Public Service Guarantee Act, 2010. Under the Act, till January 2023, 696 services of 48 departments have been notified in Madhya Pradesh.
4. Madhya Pradesh e-District Portal was launched in the year 2012 for electronic delivery of district/sub-district level services under the National e-Governance Plan (NeGP 2.0) under State Mission Mode Projects. By January 2023, 548 services are being provided online through e-district portal and other departmental portals.
5. Capacity Building for Good Governance: Madhya Pradesh State Electronics Corporation Limited (MPSeDC) has set up a specialized Training Coordination Unit (TCU) to identify IT training needs of employees and build capacity of all government employees. E-Daksh centers have been set up in 51 districts of the state. Till January, 2023, about 5.8 lakh employees of various departments in Madhya Pradesh have been benefited through e-Daksh Kendras.

6. State Statistics Commission has been constituted in Madhya Pradesh for evidence-based policy making and to strengthen the quality of data and statistical system.
7. There has been an increase in the number of Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) in the State, indicating the progress of infrastructure and services in the State. The total number of ULBs in the state has increased from 337 in 2003-04 to 413 now.
8. Indore Municipal Corporation has been consistently at the first position at the national level in the Swachh Survekshan survey for the last 6 years. It is the only 7-star rated city in the country to be an ODF+ and Water++ city as per the survey.
9. Under the first phase of PM Swanidhi (Rs. 10,000 loan amount), the state is at the first place in the country, which has given Rs. 521.66 crore loan has been disbursed to 5.25 lakh urban street vendors.
 - Madhya Pradesh 1,30,857 urban street vendors will get Rs. It is second in the country by disbursing loans of 255.79 crores.
 - Under the third phase of PM Swanidhi Yojana (loan amount of Rs. 50,000), It is third in the country by disbursing loans of Rs. 30.9 crores.
10. The redevelopment of Rani Kamalapati station in Bhopal has been done through Public Private Partnership. A total of Rs. 500 crore has been invested. This station is the first world class railway station in India.
11. Culture has been recognized internationally as a major engine for socioeconomic development. Giving importance to mythological heritage and tribal pride in the state, work is being done on various programmes, projects and schemes:-
 - Shri Mahakaleshwar Dham, Mahakal temple complex located in Ujjain is being expanded. Its design has been prepared in such a way that one lakh people will be able to visit Shri Mahakaleshwar in about one hour's time. This system, due to overcrowding and chaos at religious places,

will work to reconnect the generation that is moving away from these religious places and their unique heritage, with this cultural and spiritual power. Mahakal Mahalok was built on 11 October 2022, after which the number of tourists has increased by about 18 times as compared to 2021 in a short period of time.

- The construction work of 108 feet high multi-metal grand statue of Adi Guru Shankaracharya and Advait Dham, Advait Van, Advait Dham, Advait Vedanta Museum and Institute in Omkareshwar. This is being done at a cost of about Rs 2200 crores.
- At Patalpani, the sacrificial land of Krantiveer Tantya Bhil, a new pilgrimage site is being built at a cost of Rs 4 crore 55 lakh, a meditation center is also being set up here.
- ‘Bhagwan Birsa Munda Self-Employment Scheme’ has been started, in which projects ranging from Rs one lakh to Rs 50 lakh for manufacturing activities and Rs one lakh to Rs 25 lakh for service and business activities will be approved.



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