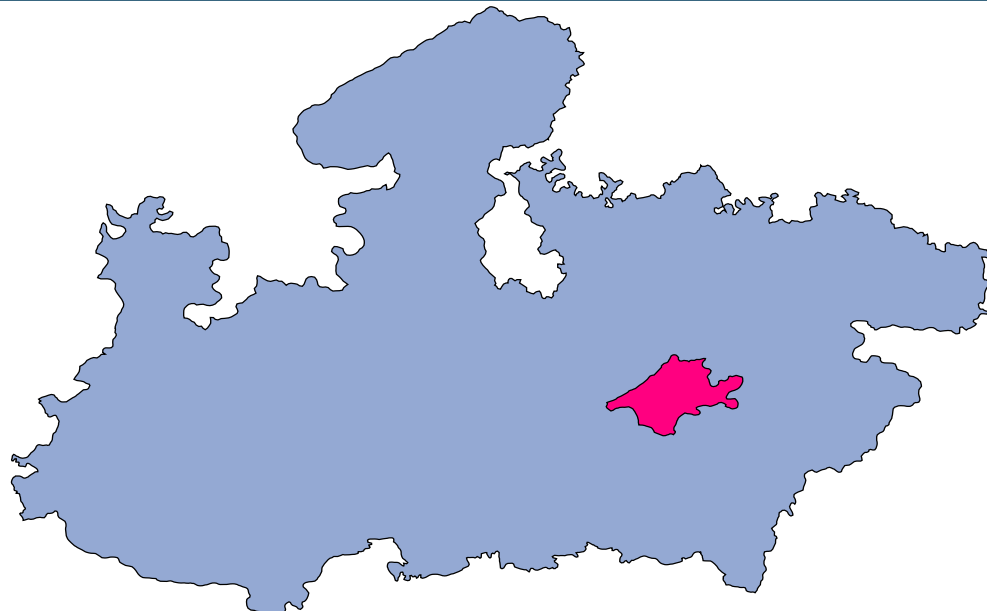




Jabalpur



MONITORING XI PLAN GOALS



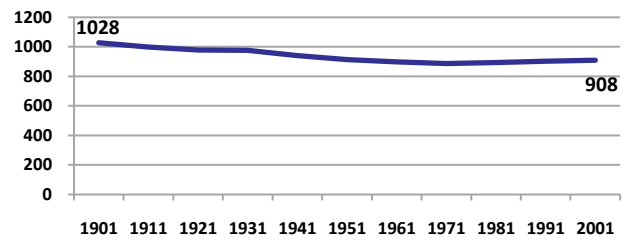
Jabalpur

DEMOGRAPHICS

Location/Caste	Total	Rural	Urban	SC	ST	Non SC/ST	Time Period
Population size (000)	2151	-	-	-	-	-	(2001)
Average annual population growth rate (%)	2.0	1.9	2.1	-	-	-	(2001)
Decadal growth rate (%)	21.7	-	-	-	-	-	(2001)
Population density (Persons per Sq Km)	413	-	-	-	-	-	(2001)
Sex ratio (Females per 1000 males)	908	926	895	921	958	898	(2001)
Sex ratio (0-6 years, Females per 1000 males)	931	945	916	921	926	897	(2001)
Level of urbanization (%)	57.1	-	-	-	-	-	(2001)

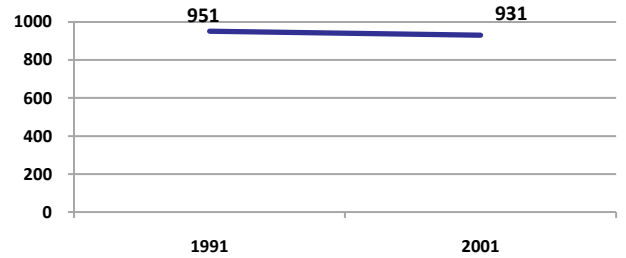
Sex ratio

Females per 1000 males



Sex ratio, 0-6 years

Females per 1000 males



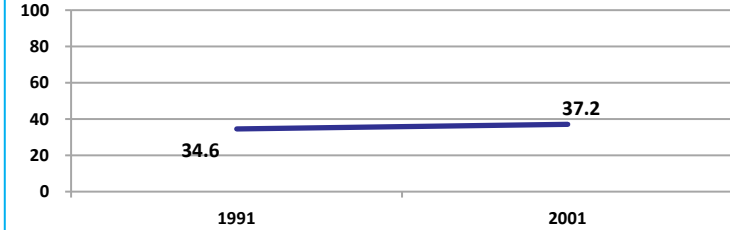
Source: Census

Source: Census

ECONOMY

Work participation rate

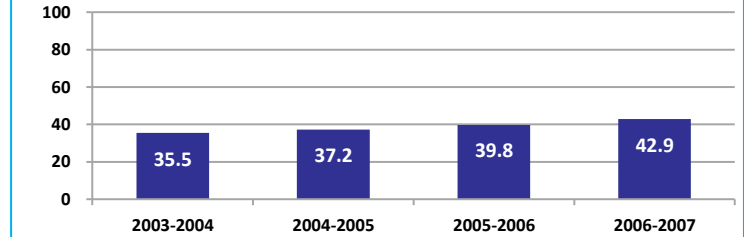
Percent



Source: Census

Net sown area irrigated

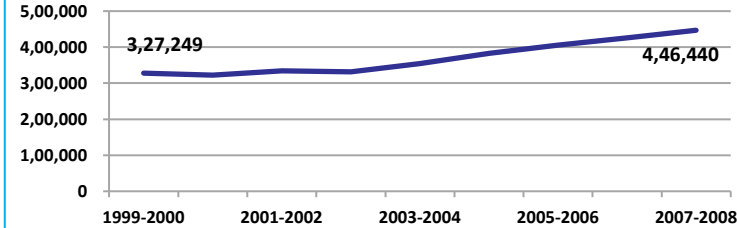
Percent



Source: Census, 2001 Projected

Net district domestic product at constant (1990-2000) prices

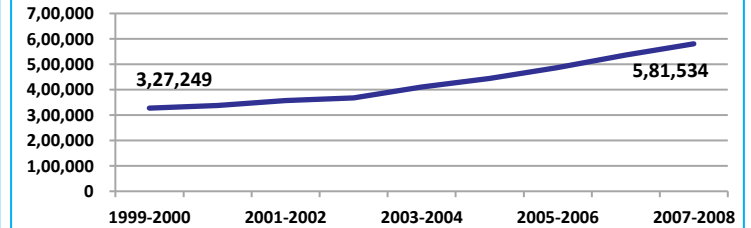
Lakhs



Source: DES, 2009

Net district domestic product at current prices

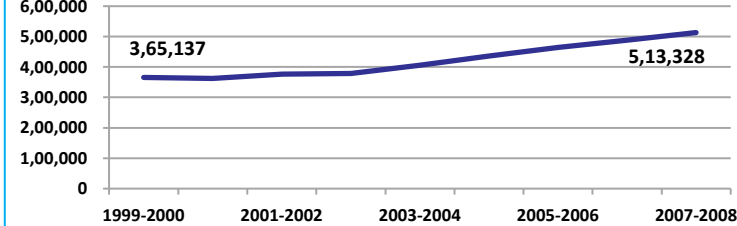
Lakhs



Source: DES, 2009

Gross district domestic Product at constant (1990-2000) prices

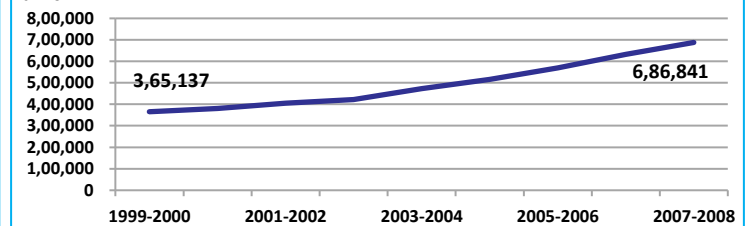
Lakhs



Source: DES, 2009

Gross district domestic product at current prices

Lakhs



Source: DES, 2009



State Planning Commission



Jabalpur

ECONOMY

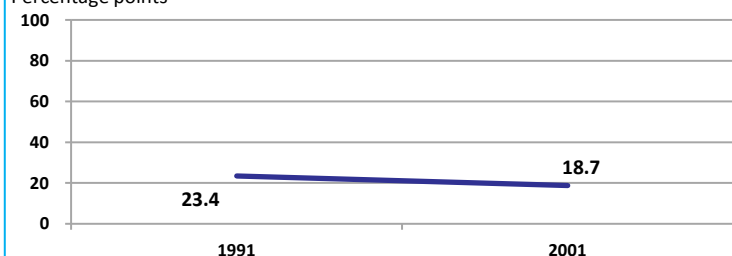
Location/Caste	Total	Rural	Urban	SC	ST	Non SC/ST	Time Period
Industrial working population (%)	1351601	-	-	-	-	-	(2001)
Marginal working population (%)	8.1	-	-	-	-	-	(2001)
Main working population (%)	29.0	-	-	-	-	-	(2001)
Farmers and agricultural labour in population (%)	15.0	-	-	-	-	-	(2001)
Schedule caste population (%)	12.7	12.6	12.9	-	-	-	(2001)
Schedule tribe population (%)	15.0	27.8	5.3	-	-	-	(2001)
Households having none of the six household assets (Radio/Transistor, Television, Telephone, Bicycle, Two wheeler, Four wheeler) (#)	133368	104533	28835	22403	43451	-	(2001)

Source: Census

EDUCATION

Gender gap in literacy rate (Male-Female)

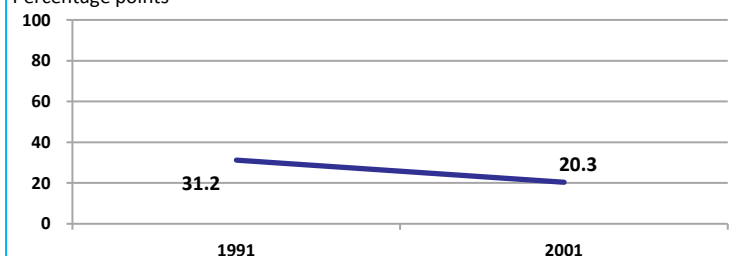
Percentage points



Source: Census

Gap in literacy rate by residence (Urban-Rural)

Percentage points



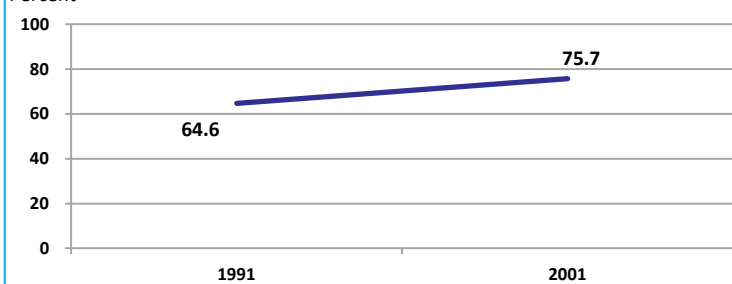
Source: Census

Location/Sex/Caste	Total	Male	Female	Rural	Urban	SC	ST	Time Period
Primary gross enrolment ratio **	99.8	98.3	101.3	-	-	-	-	(2008-2009)
Upper primary gross enrolment ratio **	96.8	96.8	96.8	-	-	-	-	(2008-2009)
Elementary gross enrolment ratio **	98.8	97.8	99.8	-	-	-	-	(2008-2009)
Primary dropout rate (%) **	-	13.5	13.1	-	-	-	-	(2008-2009)
Ratio of literate women to men (15-24 years) *	0.7	-	-	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.6	(2001)
Persons age 15+ completed primary education (%) *	63.3	73.3	52.2	44.8	75.9	27.8	9.1	(2001)

Source: Census */Rajya Shiksha Kendra **

Literacy rate 7+

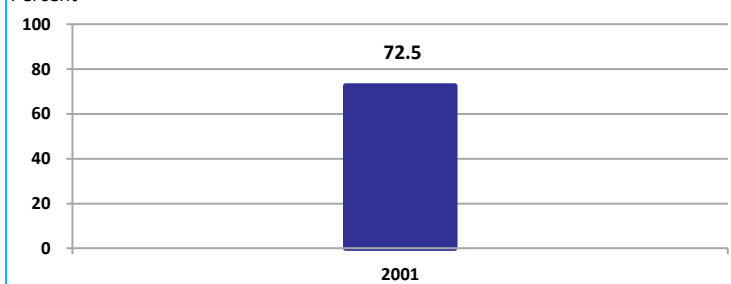
Percent



Source: Census

Literacy rate 15+

Percent



Source: Census

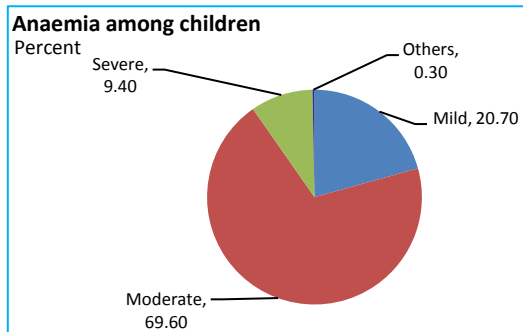


Jabalpur

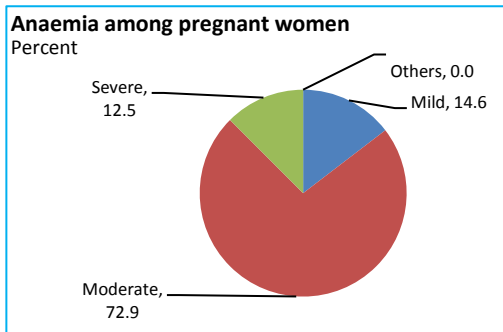
HEALTH & NUTRITION

Contraceptive prevalence rate (15-44 yr)	60.6	Fully immunized children (12-23 months)	40.6	Prevalence of underweight (moderate and severe, <6 yr)	41.0
--	------	---	------	--	------

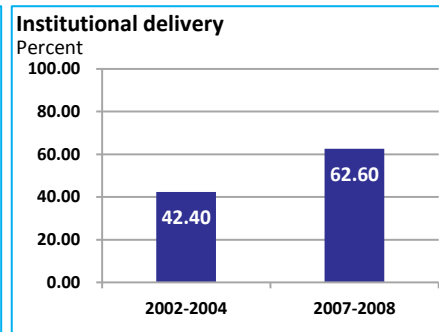
Source: DLHS, 2002-2004



Source: DLHS, 2002-2004

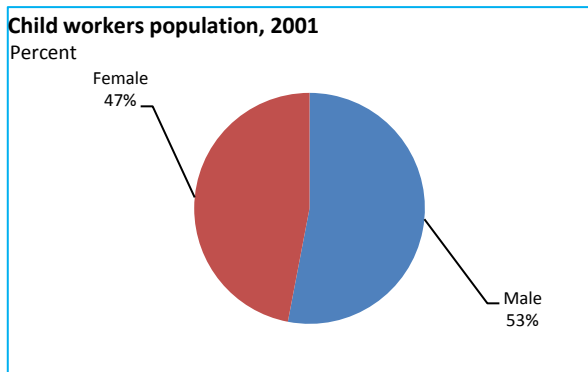


Source: DLHS, 2002-2004

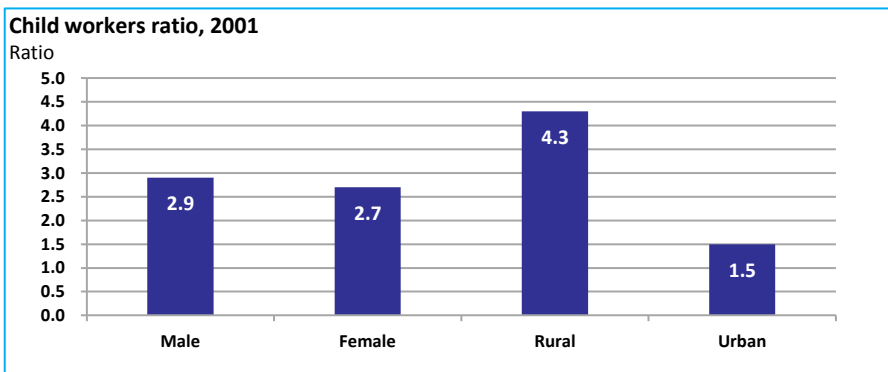


Source: DLHS

CHILD PROTECTION



Source: Census



ENVIRONMENT

Location/Caste	Total	Rural	Urban	SC	ST	Time Period
Households living in dilapidated houses (#)	19392	12679	6713	3902	5400	(2001)
Households without electricity (#)	74269	60198	14071	12389	27458	(2001)
Households without latrines (#)	231306	173251	58055	43711	61315	(2001)

Source: Census

Habitation with drinking water access

<40 LPCD	40 to 55 LPCD	With 0 population coverage	With 100% population coverage	With population coverage > 0 and < 100%	Time Period
0	190	-	1000	-	(2009)

Source: IMIS

INFRASTRUCTURE

Proportion of villages having any health facility PHC/SHC/AYUSH (%)	22.4	(2001)	Proportion of villages having at least a primary school (%)	73.1	(2001)
---	------	--------	---	------	--------

Source: Census

